

SPINAL CORD INJURY RESEARCH PROGRAM (SCIRP)



CDMRP
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
CONGRESSIONALLY DIRECTED
MEDICAL RESEARCH PROGRAMS

FY23
Appropriation
\$40M

The SCIRP aims to advance the treatment and management of spinal cord injury (SCI) and ameliorate its consequences relevant to injured Service Members.

Anticipated FY23 Funding Mechanisms

In fiscal year 2023 (FY23), the SCIRP expects to employ four funding mechanisms to solicit impactful research across the research and development spectrum with the potential to improve the health and well-being of Service Members, Veterans, and other individuals with spinal cord injury. Applications to the FY23 SCIRP funding mechanisms must address at least one of the FY23 Focus Areas.



The Early-Career Partnering Principal Investigator Option (ECPPPIO) is available for all mechanisms.

This option is structured to accommodate two Principal Investigators (PIs) who will work together towards a single research project. Each partner will be named as PI for separate awards. At least one of the PIs must be an early-career investigator.



Investigator-Initiated Research Award

- Intended to support studies that have the potential to make an important contribution to SCI research, patient care, and/or quality of life
- Does not allow clinical trials



Translational Research Award

- Intended to support translational research that will accelerate the movement of promising ideas in SCI research into clinical applications
- Allows clinical trials to be a small part of the proposed research



Clinical Translational Research Award

- Intended to support high-impact and/or emerging clinical research that may not be ready for a full-scale clinical trial
- Supports clinical research and clinical trials; disallows animal research



Clinical Trial Award

- Supports the rapid implementation of clinical trials with the potential to have a significant impact on the treatment or management of SCI
- Only supports clinical trials

International organizations are eligible to apply to all award mechanisms.

For more information, visit:
<https://cdmrp.health.mil/pubs/press/2023/23scirppreann>

